

## HERBICIDE

Forefront T is for control of annual and perennial broad-leaved weeds in grassland for grazing only.

## Key facts

Product Registration Number:	PCS No. 05395
Active Ingredient:	30 g/litre aminopyralid + 240 g/litre triclopyr (HRAC Group 4 Herbicides)
Pack Size:	2 litres
Formulation:	Oil in water emulsion
Maximum Individual Dose:	2.0 l/ha
Maximum Total Dose:	2.0 l/ha
Timing:	<p>Only use between 1<sup>st</sup> March and 31<sup>st</sup> July.</p> <p>For applications made between 1<sup>st</sup> March and 31<sup>st</sup> May, 1 application may be made per calendar year.</p> <p>For applications made between 1<sup>st</sup> June and 31<sup>st</sup> July, only 1 application may be made in a 2-year period</p>
Water Volumes:	200-300 l/ha
Spray Quality:	Medium as defined by BCPC
Buffer Zone:	Protect aquatic organisms, respect an unsprayed buffer zone of 5m to surface water bodies
Rainfastness:	1 hour

## Key benefits

- Best available long-term control of broad-leaved dock, curled dock, creeping thistle, spear thistle, common nettle, creeping buttercup, dandelion, ragwort and chickweed in established grassland.
- Forefront T does not require an anti-foaming agent.
- Grazing by sheep or cattle can resume 7 days after Forefront T application.
- A single well-timed application of Forefront T can control weeds for up to 18 months.

## Best use advice

- Forefront T should only be used on established grassland fields grazed by cattle or sheep.
- Grazing by cattle or sheep can resume 7 days after treatment or when the foliage of any poisonous weeds, such as ragwort, have died and become unpalatable.
- Applications to silage, hay and haylage fields should only be made after the final cut has been taken.
  - Treated grass must not be cut for silage, hay or haylage in the calendar year of treatment.
  - Silage, hay and haylage produced from the treated area in the following calendar year must stay on farm and manure from animals fed on this must stay on farm and be spread only onto agricultural grassland, cereals or maize.
- For optimum control apply 2-3 weeks after cutting provided there is sufficient regrowth.
- Single application of 2.0 l/ha is recommended.
- The label prohibits the use of Forefront T via hand-held equipment.
- DO NOT mix with phenoxy herbicides – this may compromise translocation of Forefront T to the roots.
- Clover can be sown in 4 months after application. Grass seed can be drilled 1 month after application.
- Forefront T contains aminopyralid which carries restrictions on use of manure and following crops.**
  - Manure produced from animals fed from grass treated with Forefront T **must stay** on farm and should only be spread onto agricultural grassland, cereals or maize.
  - Potatoes, sugar beet, fodder beet, vegetables, beans and other legumes can be planted in the second calendar year following Forefront T treatment.
- For optimum control, Forefront T should be applied to actively growing weeds at the appropriate growth stage:

Weed Controlled	Optimum timing at 2.0 L/ha	Weed Controlled	Optimum timing at 2.0 L/ha
Broad-leaved dock	Rosette stage up to 250 mm high or wide	Common nettle	Up to 300 mm high
Curled dock	Rosette stage up to 250 mm high or wide	Creeping buttercup	Before flowering
Creeping thistle	Rosette stage up to 250 mm high	Dandelion	Before flower buds visible
Spear thistle	Rosette stage up to 250 mm high	Ragwort	Rosette stage up to 200 mm high

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USE HERBICIDES SAFELY. Always read the label and product information before use.  
For further information including warning phrases and symbols refer to label.

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Forefront® T contains aminopyralid and triclopyr.

May 2025 – this version supersedes all previous versions

## Weed spectrum

Annual Weeds	Forefront T 2.0 l/ha	Perennial Weeds	Forefront T 2.0 l/ha
Bindweed (black)	◆	Bindweed (field)	◆
Bristly ox-tongue	◆	Bracken	◆ 1m
Charlock		Bramble	◆
Chickweed	◆	Broom	◆
Cleavers	◆	Burdock	◆
Corn chamomile	◆	Buttercups	BF
Corn marigold	◆	Cinquefoil (creeping)	◆
Cranesbill	◆	Clover, trefoil	◆
Dead-nettles	◆	Coltsfoot	◆
Fat-hen	◆ 2TL	Cow parsley	◆
Fool's parsley	◆	Daisy (common)	◆ up to 2TL/ 25mm
Forget-me-not	◆	Daisy (ox-eye)	◆
Fumitory	◆	Dandelion	BF
Groundsel	◆	Docks	Rosette up to 250mm
Hemp-nettle		Gorse	
Himalayan balsam		Ground elder	◆
Knotgrass	◆ 4TL	Ground ivy	
Mayweeds	◆	Hawthorn	◆
Nettle (small)	◆	Hemlock	◆
Nightshade (black)	◆	Hogweed (giant)	◆
Orache	◆	Horsetail (Equisetum)	
Pale persicaria	◆	Japanese knotweed	◆ up to 1m high
Poppy	◆	Knapweed (common)	◆
Redshank		Lesser celandine	◆
Scarlet pimpernel	◆	Mallow (common)	◆
Shepherd's-purse	◆	Medick (black)	◆
Speedwells	◆	Mugwort (common)	◆
Spurrey		Nettle (common)	up to 300mm
Wild radish		Old man's beard	◆
Yellow rattle	◆	Plantain (greater)	◆
<b>KEY:</b>		Plantain (ribwort)	◆
	Susceptible	Ragwort	Rosette up to 200mm
	Moderately susceptible	Rosebay willowherb	◆
	Moderately resistant/tolerant	Rushes	
	Resistant	Self-heal	◆
	No data/information	Silverweed	◆
◆	Anecdotal or limited information	Sorrel (common)	◆
TL	True leaves	Thistles	Rosette up to 250mm
BF	Before Flowering	Vetch, tare	◆
		Yarrow	◆
		Yellow/Flag Iris	◆

Where we have knowledge of how our products might affect weeds we have detailed it in these tables. ◆ indicates information based on anecdotal or limited data and is only indicative and should not be considered as a recommendation for use on the part of Corteva Agriscience. The user assumes full responsibility for use on these weeds.